UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

	for the
	District of New Mexico
United States of America v. KENDALE JOHNSON Defendant)) Case No. 20-2126 JB)
ORDER OF D	ETENTION PENDING TRIAL
Part I	- Eligibility for Detention
Upon the	
Motion of the Government or Courthe Court held a detention hearing and found that d	y pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or t's own motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2), etention is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fac 3142(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.
Part II - Findings of Fact	and Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)
□ A. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under presumption that no condition or combination and the community because the following con □ (1) the defendant is charged with one □ (a) a crime of violence, a violation § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum of the controlled Substances Act (21 U (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chape □ (d) any felony if such person has (a) through (c) of this paragraph, described in subparagraphs (a) the jurisdiction had existed, or a con □ (e) any felony that is not otherwise (i) a minor victim; (ii) the posses (iii) any other dangerous weapon □ (2) the defendant has previously been	18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person anditions have been met: of the following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1): on of 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. aximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or an immum term of imprisonment or death; or an immum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act after 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or as been convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs, or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses arough (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal abbination of such offenses; or use a crime of violence but involves: assion of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921) are; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and convicted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C. ense that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise
	(2) above for which the defendant has been convicted was a release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; <i>and</i>

(4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant
committed one or more of the following offenses:
(1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;
(3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.
☐ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)
OR
The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
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AO 4/2 (Rev. 11/16) Order of Detention Pending That	
Significant family or other ties outside the United States Lack of legal status in the United States Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration Prior failure to appear in court as ordered Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement Use of alias(es) or false documents Background information unknown or unverified Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION: THE DEFENDANT STIPULATES TO DETENTION AT THIS TIME; DEFENDANT IS REMANDED TO CUSTODY OF USMS.	
Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention	
The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.	
Date: 07/22/2021	

United States Magistrate Judge